OPIOID EPIDEMIC: UM SOD INITIATIVE

HAROLD KAI TU DMD, MD, FACS

CHIEF: DIVISION OF OMFS

MEMBER: HHS PAIN MANAGEMENT

TASK FORCE

MEMBER: CDC OPIOID WORKGROUP



Disclosure: None



"MY EPIPHANY"





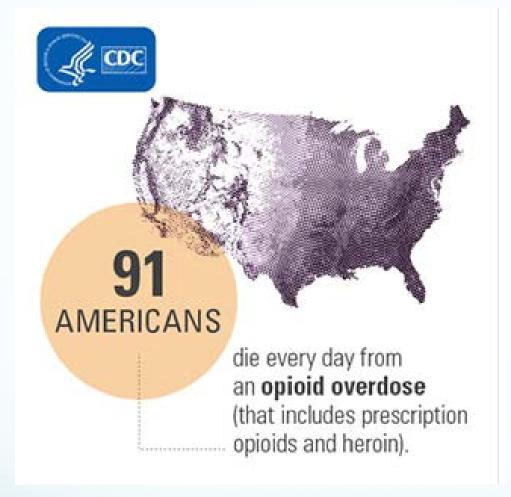
"We know of no other medication routinely used for a nonfatal condition that kills patients so frequently"

Dr. Tom Frieden



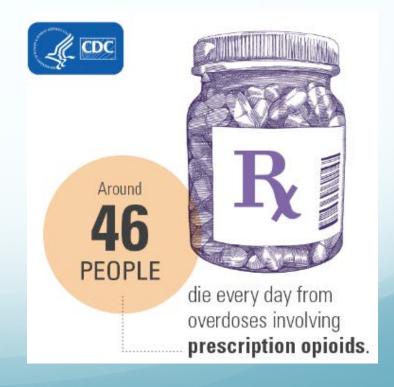


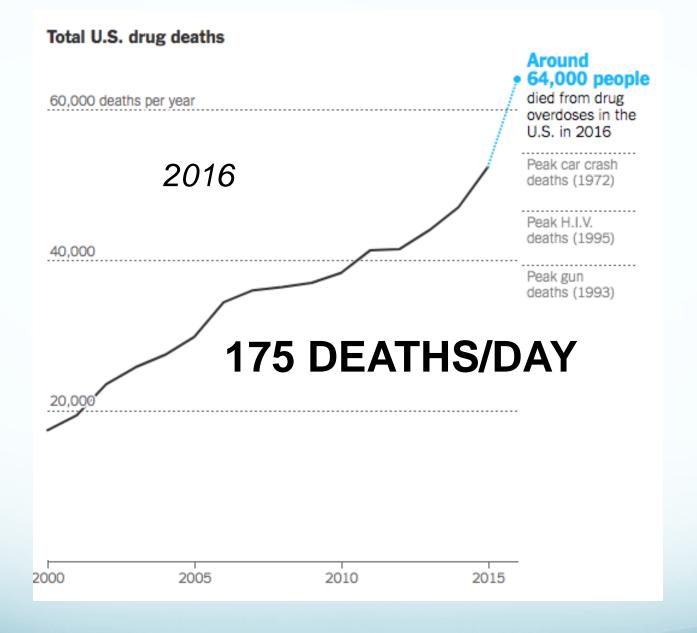




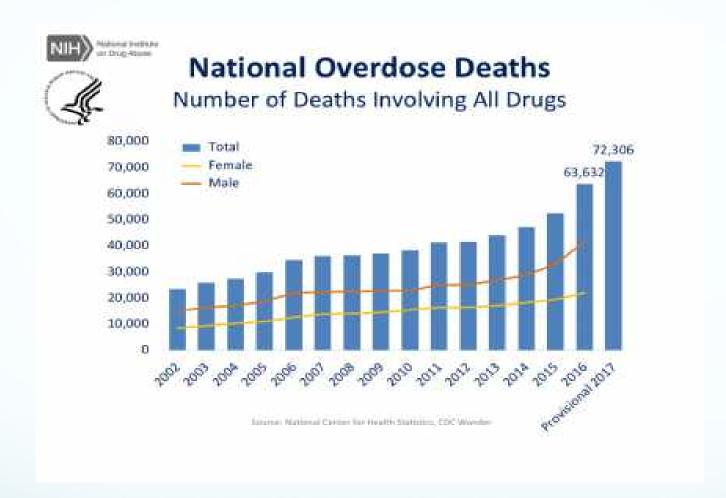
142 DEATHS/DAY

2016 P.C.



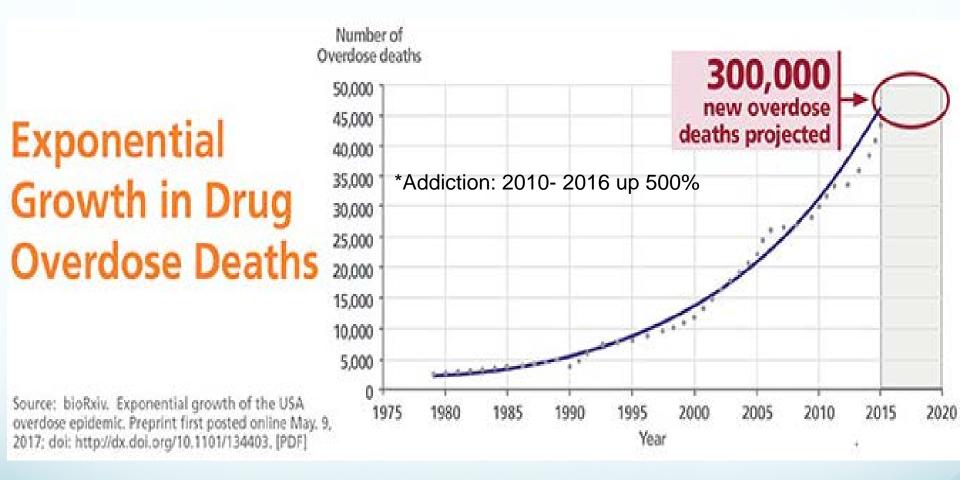


DYING AT RECORDS RATES > CARS, GUNS AND FALLING



200 DEATHS/DAY

GOAL: BEND THE CURVE



LEADING THE NEWS

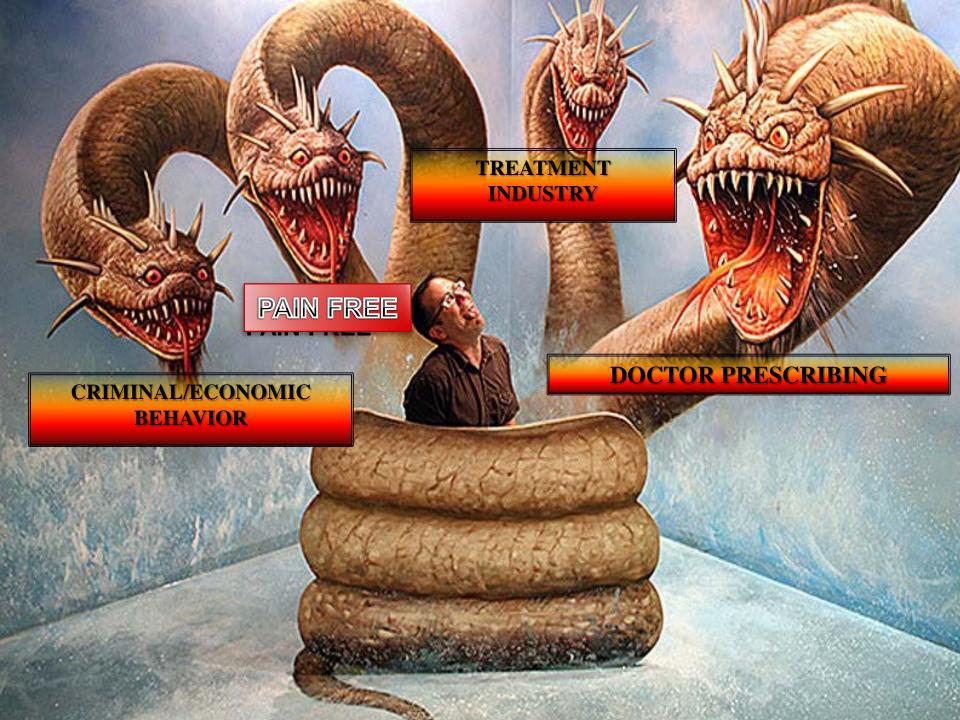
CDC: Drug overdoses killed 72,000 in 2017



DEATHS: 9/11 EVERY 2 WEEKS



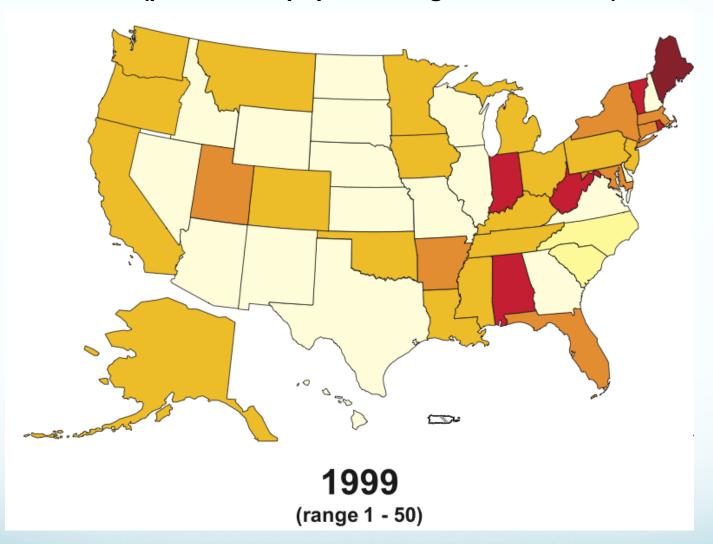
WHAT, WHY AND WHEN HAPPENED?

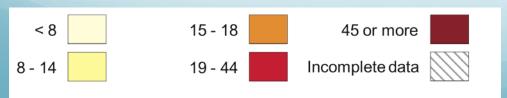


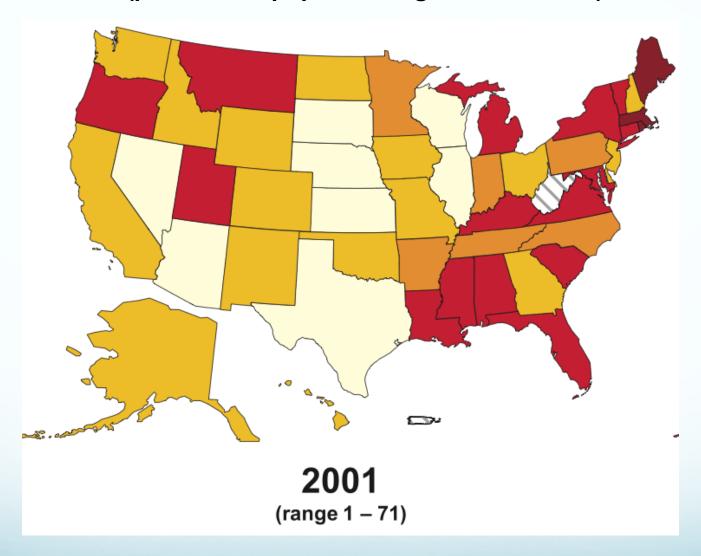


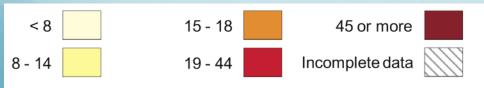
"The United States contains 5% of the World's Population and consumes 80% of the World's Opioids."

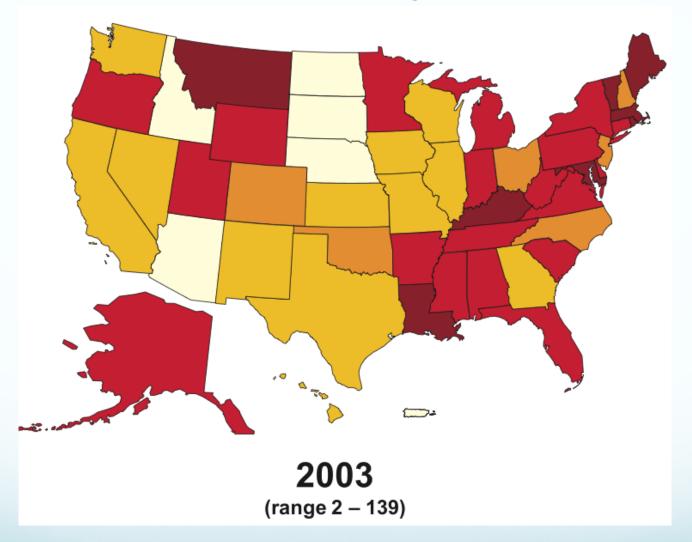
2009 National Survey on Drug Use and Health

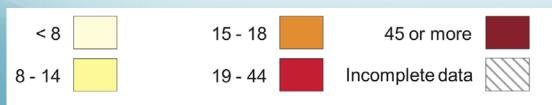


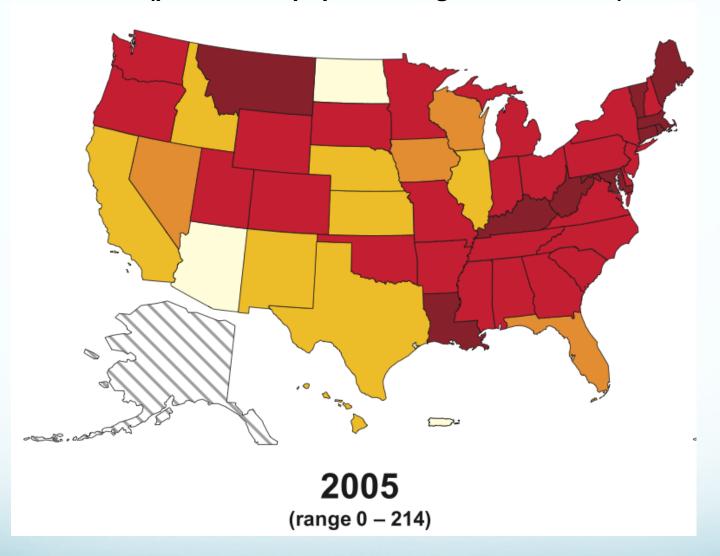


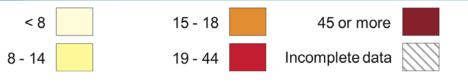


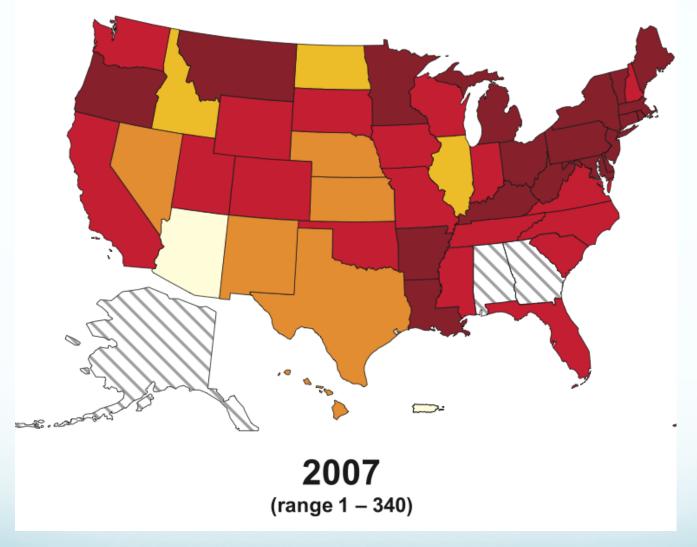


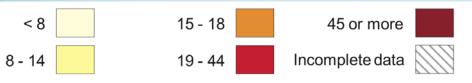


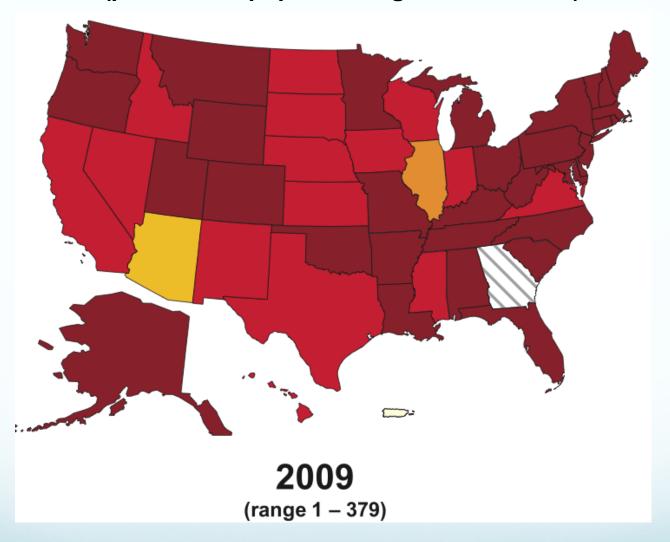


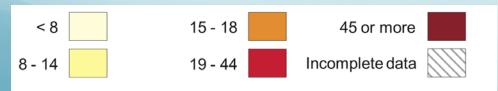




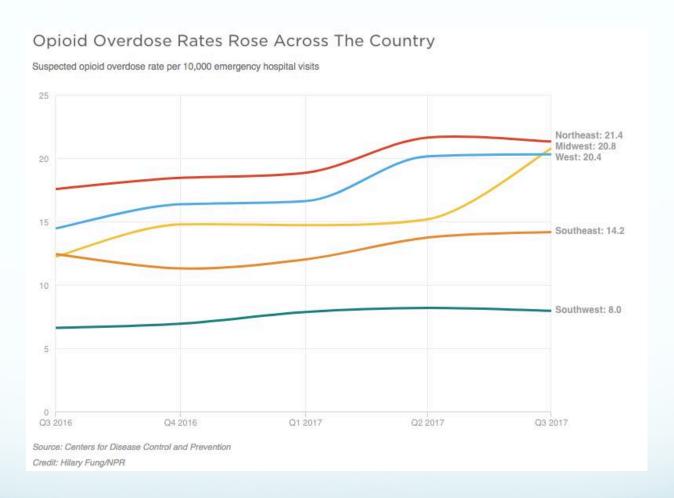








2016- 2017: 30% increase ER visits

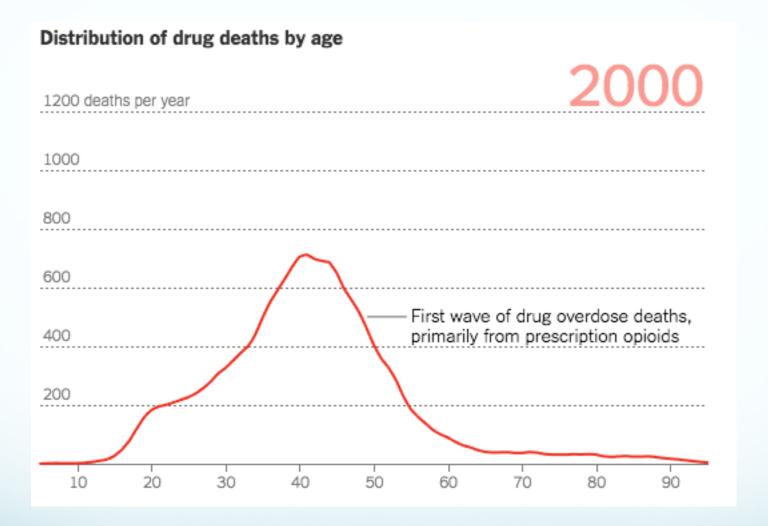


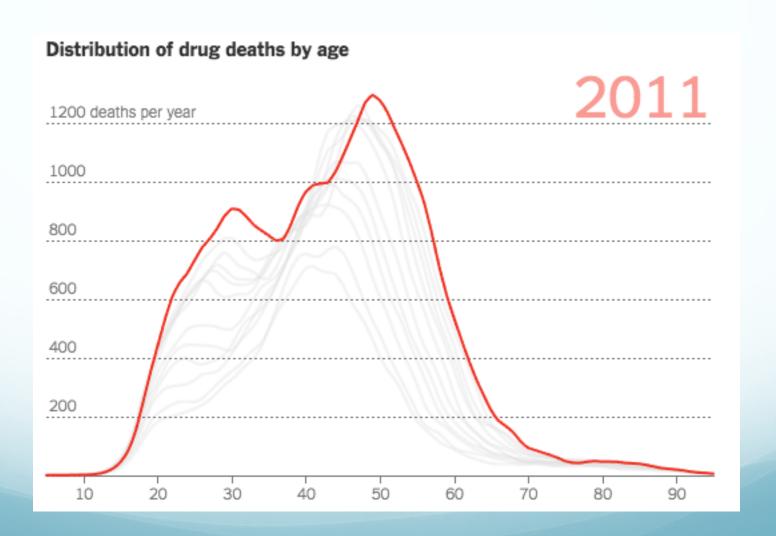
Midwest: 69.7% West: 40.3% NE: 21.3% SW: 20.2% SE: 14%

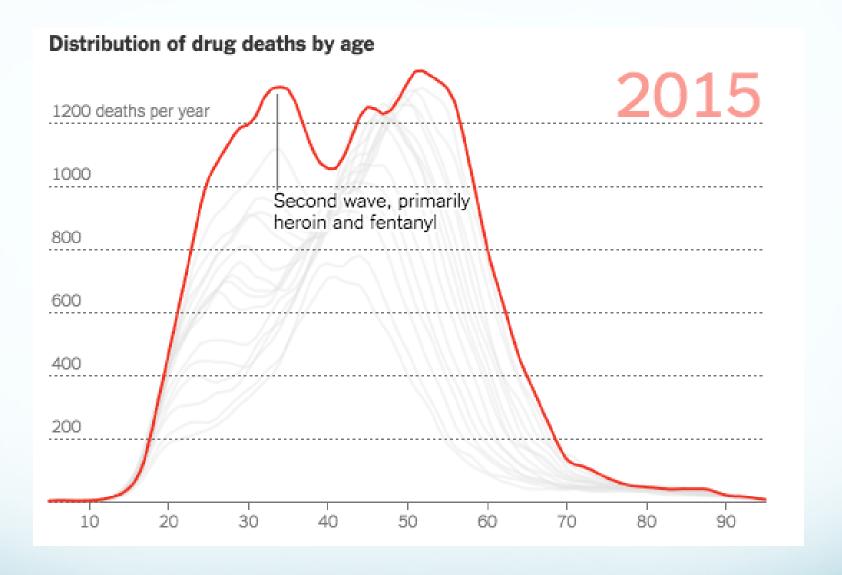
"OPIOID Rx Quadrupled: 1999- 2014"

CDC 2016

- * 1/3 Americans Opioid Rx (2015)
- * 2 Million Americans Opioid Addiction
- 4 out of 5 Heroin users start with Opioid Rx
- Over 50% Opioid Rx from Friends/Family

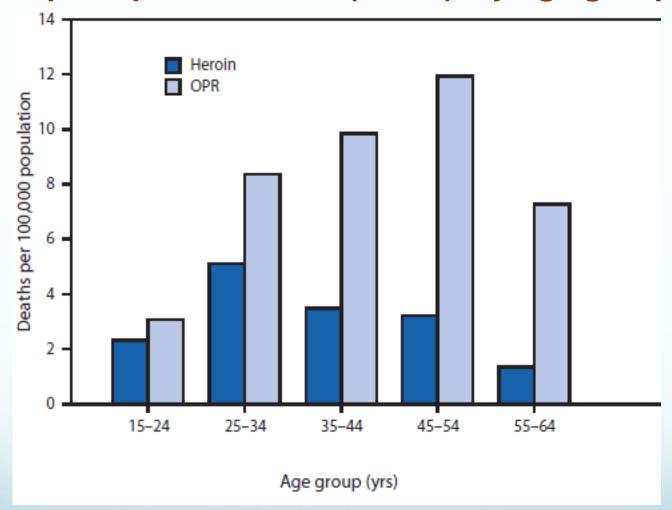






DEATHS: AGE DISTRIBUTION 2000- 2015

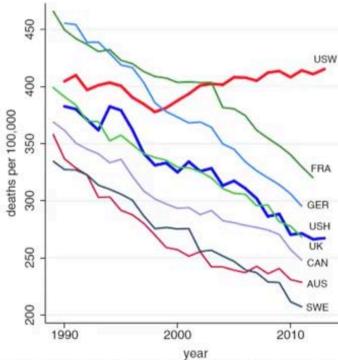
Death rates from overdoses of heroin or prescription opioid pain relievers (OPRs), by age group



SOURCE: CDC. Increases in Heroin Overdose Deaths — 28 States, 2010 to 2012 MMWR. 2014, 63:849-854

Fueled by drug crisis, U.S. life expectancy declines for a second straight year

All-cause mortality, ages 45-54 for US White non-Hispanics (USW), US Hispanics (USH)

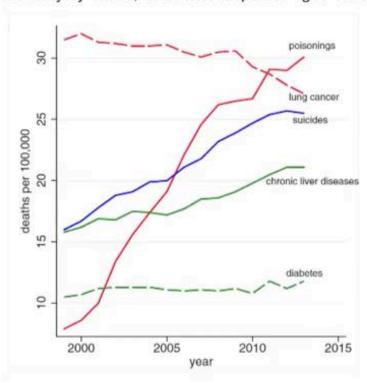


France (FRA), Germany (GER), the United Kingdom (UK), Canada (CAN), Australia (AUS), and Sweden (SWE).

Source: Anne Case, Angus Deaton. Rising morbidity and mortality in midlife among white non-Hispanic Americans in the 21st century. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*. November 2, 2015 (online ahead of print).

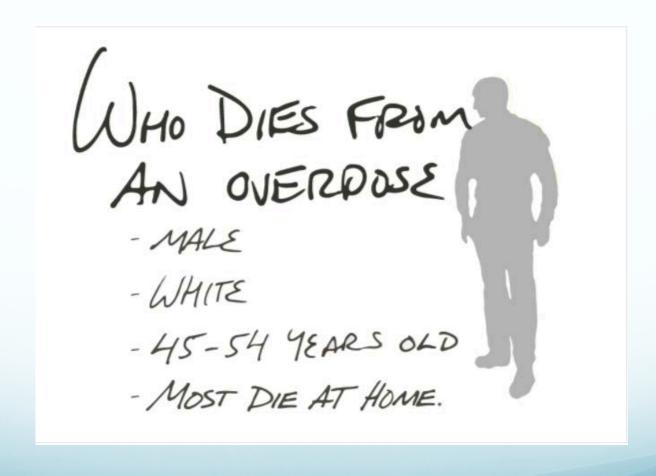
Fueled by drug crisis, U.S. life expectancy declines for a second straight year

Mortality by cause, white non-Hispanics ages 45-54



Source: Anne Case, Angus Deaton. Rising morbidity and mortality in midlife among white non-Hispanic Americans in the 21st century. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*. November 2, 2015 (online ahead of print).

OPIOID EPIDEMIC: PROFILE



Cost Of U.S. Opioid Epidemic Since 2001 Is \$1 Trillion And Climbing

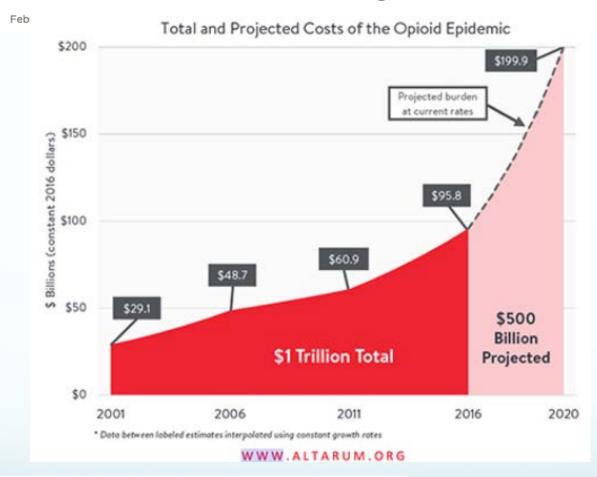


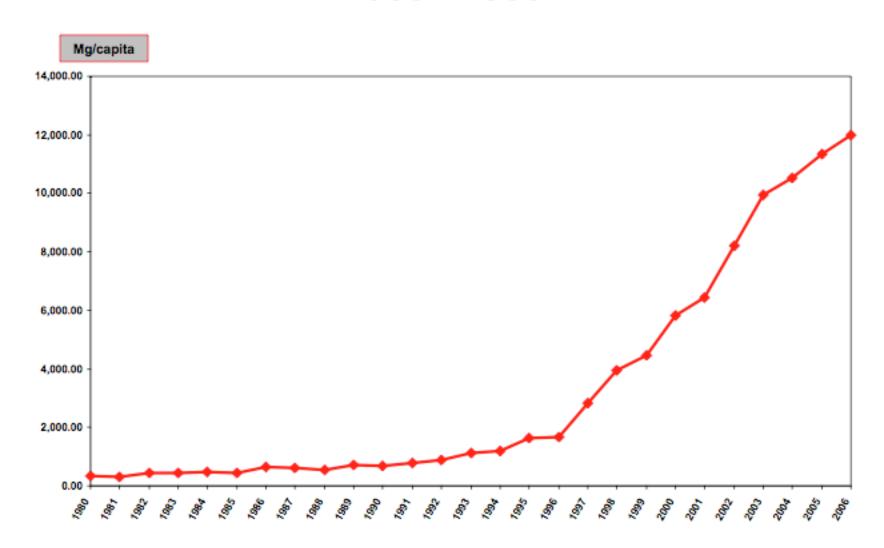
Table 2: Estimated Cost of the Opioid Crisis in 2015 (2015 \$)

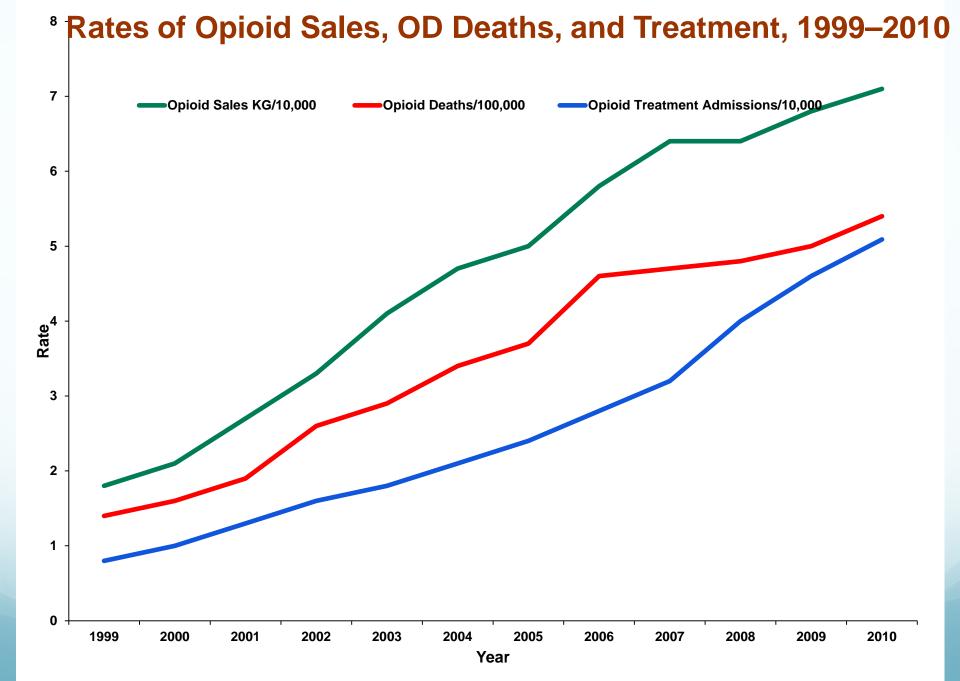
VSL Assumption	Fatality Costs	Non-fatality Costs	Total Costs
Age-dependent	\$431.7 billion	\$72.3 billion	\$504.0 billion
Low	\$221.6 billion	\$72.3 billion	\$293.9 billion
Middle	\$393.9 billion	\$72.3 billion	\$466.2 billion
High	\$549.8 billion	\$72.3 billion	\$622.1 billion

OPIOID EPIDEMIC:

1996

New York Consumption of Hydrocodone 1980 - 2006







What has changed in America that has led to this crisis: "power and influence of the pharmaceutical industry".

TWO KEY POINTS:

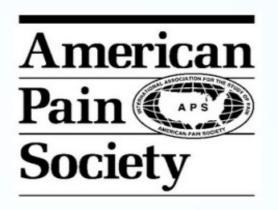
- Chronic Non-Cancer Pain is an "under-treated epidemic" which is characterized by needless suffering.
- 1. Opiates are effective to solve this epidemic and their "risks have been greatly exaggerated."

"fear should not stand in the way of your pain"

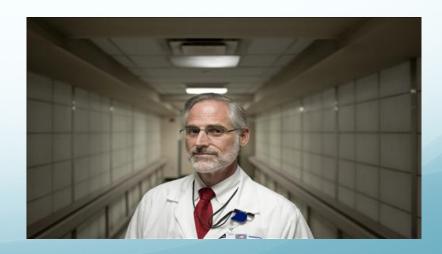
Purdue Pharma







1996 – co-authored a position statement: risk of addiction of opioids "less than 1%".



Dr. Russell Portenoy

N Engl J Med. 1980 Jan 10;302(2):123.

ADDICTION RARE IN PATIENTS TREATED WITH NARCOTICS

To the Editor: Recently, we examined our current files to determine the incidence of narcotic addiction in 39,946 hospitalized medical patients¹ who were monitored consecutively. Although there were 11,882 patients who received at least one narcotic preparation, there were only four cases of reasonably well documented addiction in patients who had no history of addiction. The addiction was considered major in only one instance. The drugs implicated were meperidine in two patients,² Percodan in one, and hydromorphone in one. We conclude that despite widespread use of narcotic drugs in hospitals, the development of addiction is rare in medical patients with no history of addiction.

JANE PORTER
HERSHEL JICK, M.D.
Boston Collaborative Drug
Surveillance Program
Boston University Medical Center

Waltham, MA 02154

- Jick H, Miettinen OS, Shapiro S, Lewis GP, Siskind Y, Slone D. Comprehensive drug surveillance. JAMA. 1970; 213:1455-60.
- Miller RR, Jick H. Clinical effects of meperidine in hospitalized medical patients. J Clin Pharmacol. 1978; 18:180-8.

"development of addiction is rare"



NOT A STUDY: A "TWEET"

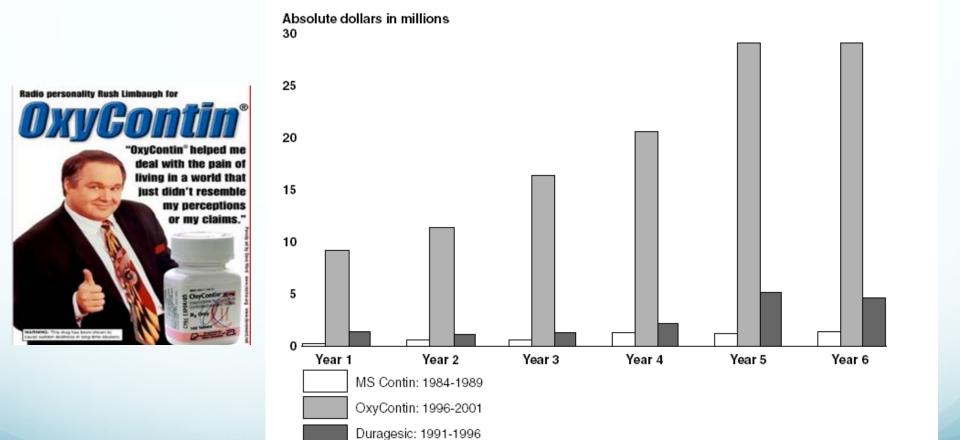
#NotRealMedicine

Study: Dentists prescribe only 2% of opioids
By Theresa Pablos, DrBicuspid.com associate editor

Dollars Spent Marketing OxyContin (1996-2001)

Sales

Figure 1: Promotional Spending for Three Opioid Analgesics in First 6 Years of

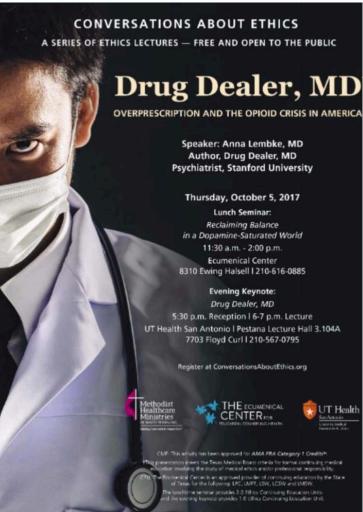


Source: United States General Accounting Office: Dec. 2003, "OxyContin Abuse and Diversion and Efforts to Address the Problem."

PURDUE PHARMA: 2016 BOARD UPDATE

From	То
Undertreatment of Pain	Opioid Epidemic
Abuse	Addiction
Criminal	Victim
FDA	CDC
Benefits Outweigh Risks	Lack of Long-Term Evidence
ADFs as Part of Solution	ADF Value Unproven







ROLE OF DDS/MD?



"DOCTORS ARE CAUSING THIS ADDICTION IN PATIENTS THEY PRESCRIBE TO"

ANDREW KOLODNY MD

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (PROP)

"OPIOID Rx Quadrupled: 1999- 2014"

CDC 2016

- * 1/3 Americans Opioid Rx (2015)
- * 2 Million Americans Opioid Addiction
- * 21 Million Americans SUD/ 1.4% TX
 - 4 out of 5 Heroin users start with Opioid Rx
- Over 50% Opioid Rx from Friends/Family

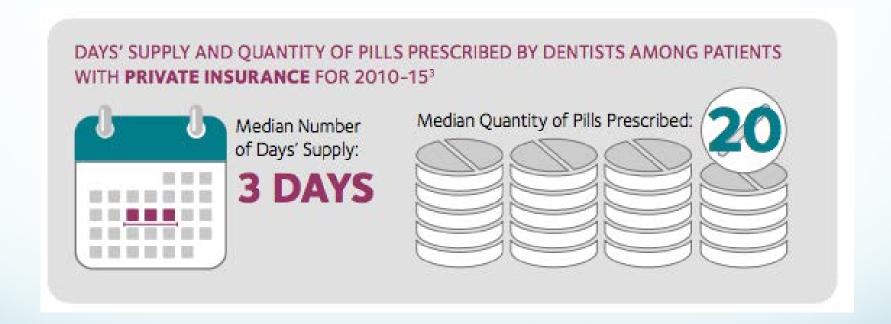
OPIOID EPIDEMIC: DDS/MD ROLE

- OVERDOSE DEATHS: MULTIPLE Rx PRESCRIBERS
- 60% DEATHS HAD DOCTOR PRESCRIPTIONS
- 72% HAD LEFTOVER Rx OPIOID AND 71% KEPT IT
- 8% ADMIT ILLICIT USE
- Rx OPIOD DOUBLED FOR ADOLESCENTS/YOUNG ADULTS (1994 to 2007)
- FP HIGHEST PRESCRIBERS
- DDS HIGHEST PRESCRIBERS AGE 10- 19
- WESTERN EUROPE 4X LESS OPIOID USE

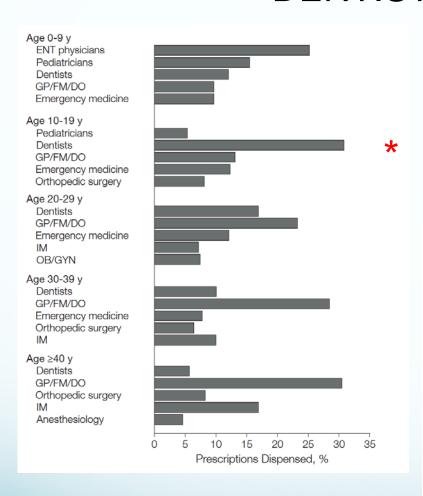


HOW SHOULD WE RESPOND?

OPIOD Rx:DAYS/#PILLS

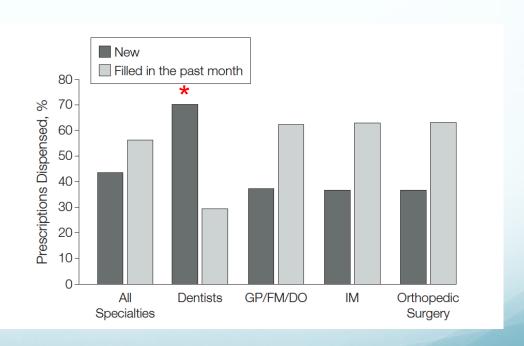


DENTIST RX PATTERN



LARGEST

MOST



VOLKOW ND, et.al. JAMA 2011;305: 1299-1301

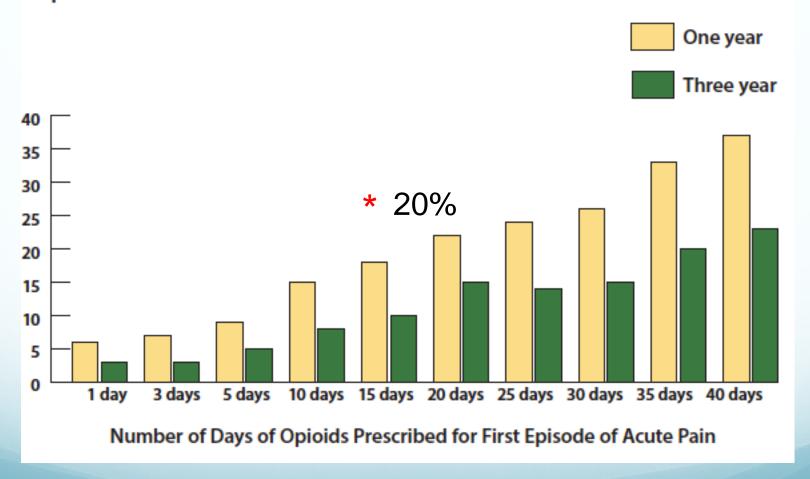
 "Legitimate opioid use before high school graduation is independently associated with a 33% increase in the risk of future misuse after high school"

Prescription Opioids in Adolescence and Future Opioid Misuse

Richard Miech, PhD*, Lloyd Johnston, PhD*, Patrick M. O'Malley, PhD*, Katherine M. Keyes, PhD*, Kennon Heard, MD*

Journal Pediatrics 2015

: Any Use of Opioids for Acute Pain Increases the Probability of Chronic Opioid Use .56





CNN Exclusive: The more opioids doctors prescribe, the more money they make

Opioids for chronic noncancer pain A position paper of the American Academy of Neurology

Gary M. Franklin

- LIBERAL EXPANSION OF OPIOID Rx 1990's
- EFFICACY OF OPIOID Rx FOR CNCP: WEAK
- OPIOID Rx FOR CNCP:

"decrease pain relief, functional capacity and quality of life"

- CHRONIC OPIOID Rx: INCREASE MORBIDITY
- >90 MME: 9X OVERDOSE RISK

NEUROLOGY 2014

Opioids for chronic noncancer pain A position paper of the American Academy of Neurology

Gary M. Franklin

OPIOIDS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS:

"NOT WORTH THE RISK"



FEDERAL OPIOID: INITIATIVES

PAIN MANAGEMENT TASK FORCE

"GAPS AND INCONSISTENCIES CBP'S FOR PAIN MANAGEMENT"

* CDC PRESCRIBING ESTIMATE WORKGROUP

"OBTAIN BROAD AND TRANSPARENT INPUT"

HEAL INITIATIVE

" 1.1 BILLION FUNDING 2018"

MINNESOTA OPIOID EPIDEMIC



"Prince"
Died April 21, 2016.

Cause of death – fentanyl overdose

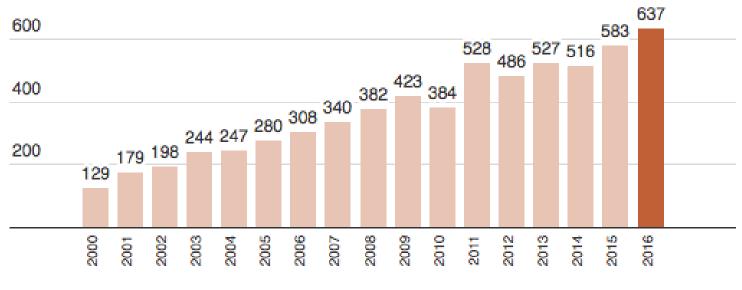
Reliance on opioids: One of the greatest mistakes in medical history

"DENTAL"

The worst public health crisis in our time was brought about by the practice of medicine.

Drug overdose deaths in Minnesota continue to rise

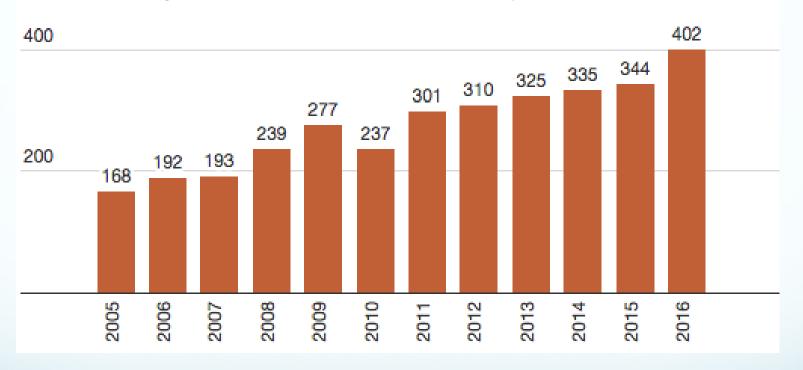
The death tally in 2016 was nearly six times higher than in 2000.



Source: Minnesota Department of Health . Created with Datawrapper

Total opioid-related deaths in Minnesota since 2005

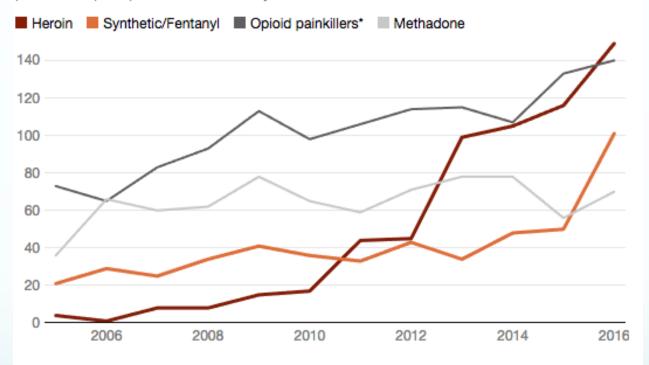
Heroin and fentanyl abuse resulted in an overall increase in opioid-related deaths in 2016.



* MNNESOTA OPIOID DASHBOARD

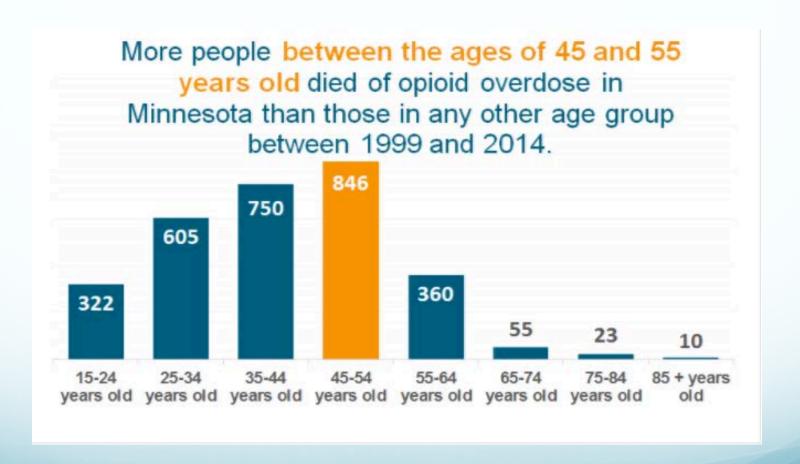
Opioid-related deaths in Minnesota by drug type

More death certificates listed illicit heroin as a contributing cause of death in 2016 than common prescribed opioid painkillers such as oxycodone.

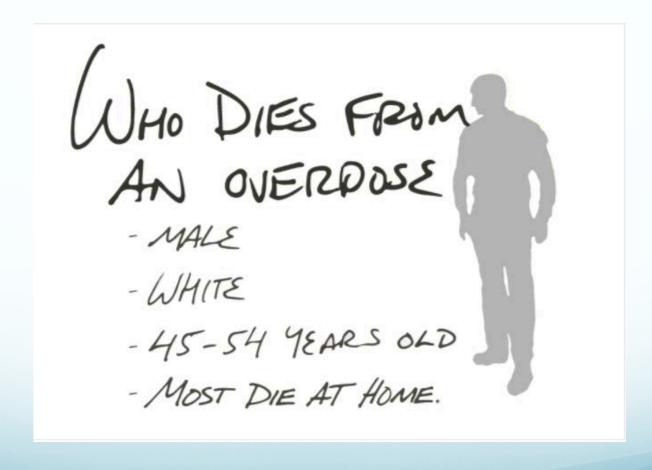


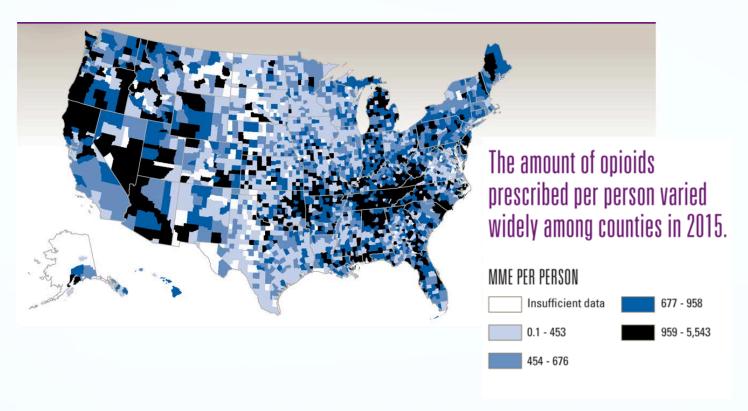
*This category includes hydrocodone and oxycodone, but not methadone or synthetics/ fentanyl. In some cases, deaths were linked to multiple categories of opioid drugs.

OPIOID EPIDEMIC: MN



OPIOID EPIDEMIC: MN



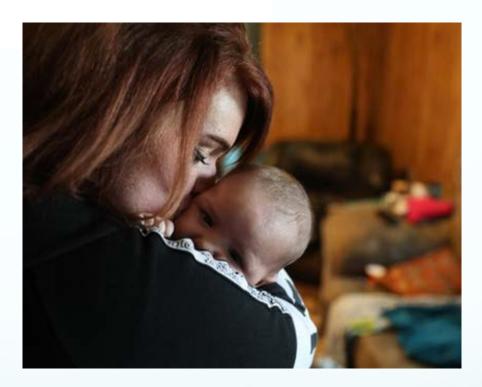


MINNESOTA



Minnesota hospital confronts dilemma of opioid addicts who are

expectant moms

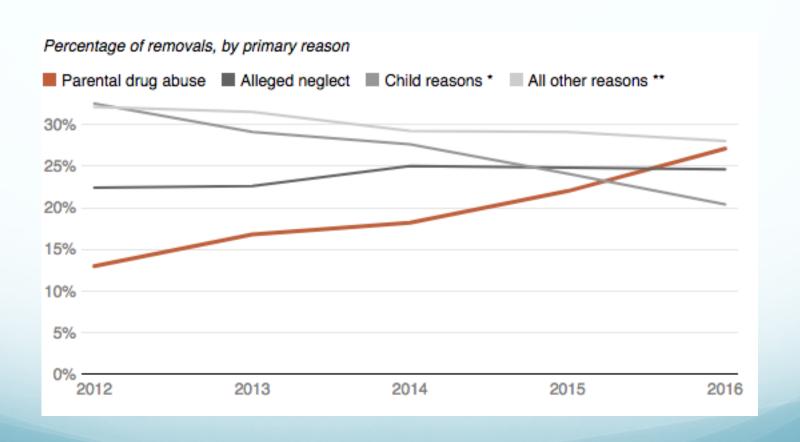


2012-- 624 NEWBORNS EXPOSED DRUGS/ALCOHOL

2016-- 1,300 NEWBORNS EXPOSED DRUGS/ALCOHOL

Opioid crisis strains Minnesota's child protection system

Parental drug abuse forces thousands into foster care.



MN NATIVE AMERICAN OPIOID EPIDEMIC

DEC 18, 2017:

"7 OVERDOSES AND 2 DEATHS IN 48 HOURS"

WHITE EARTH POLICE

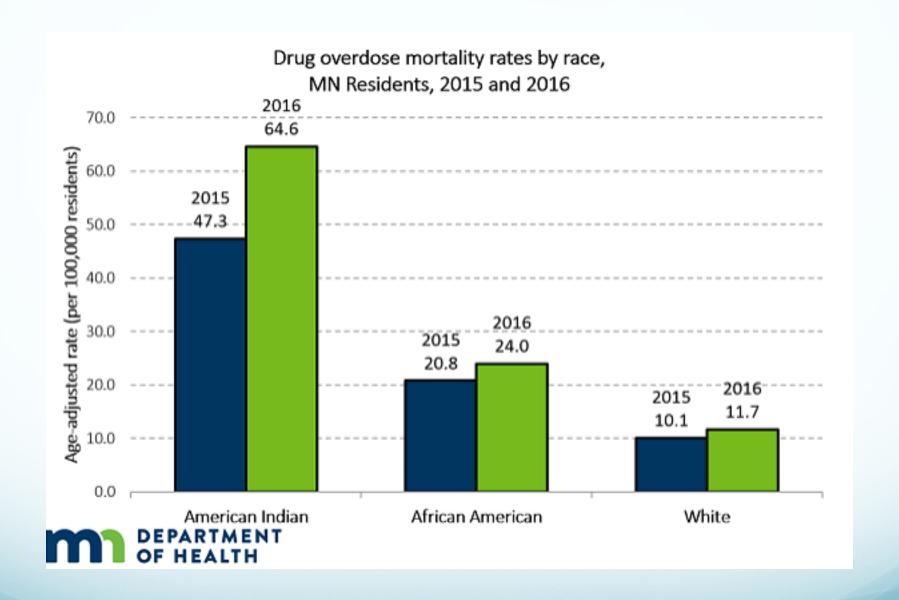
Native Americans Slammed By Opioid Crisis

• 5x OVERDOSE DEATHS (1999- 2015)

AI OVERDOSE DEATH IS HIGHEST/USA

OPIOID Rx MISUSE 2X WHITES (1/10)

• 6X OPIOID DEATHS (WHITES)



5X MORE LIKELY THAN WHITES

UM SOD: INITIATIVE

5 opioids risk management strategies

- 1. Prevention & education
- 2. Minimizing early exposure
- Reducing inappropriate supply
- 4. Treating the at-risk & high-risk
- Supporting chronic populations and those in recovery

TARGET: 1, 2, 3

ACUTE POSTOPERATIVE PAIN: Rx PROTOCOL MN SOD

• PURPOSE:

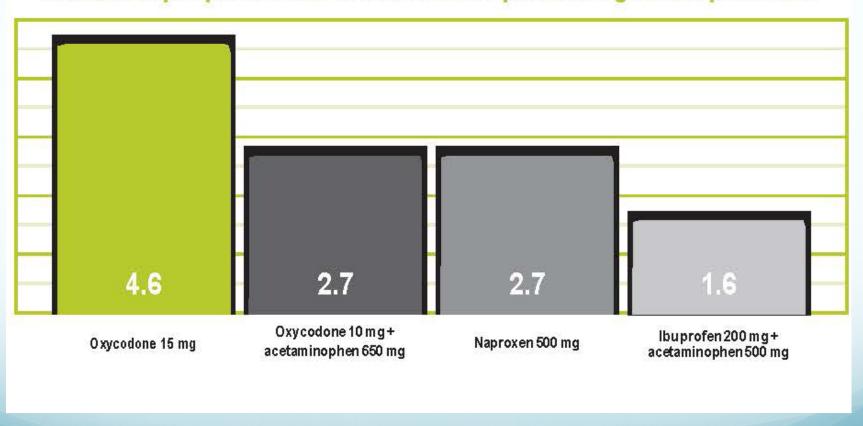
"TO ESTABLISH A PROTOCOL FOR SAFE POSTOPERATIVE ACUTE PAIN OPIOID Rx AND ARE INTENDED TO SUPPLEMENT AND NOT REPLACE INDIVIDUAL PRESCRIBER'S CLINICAL JUDGEMENT"

RX OPIOID: GUIDELINE NSAIDS FIRST LINE

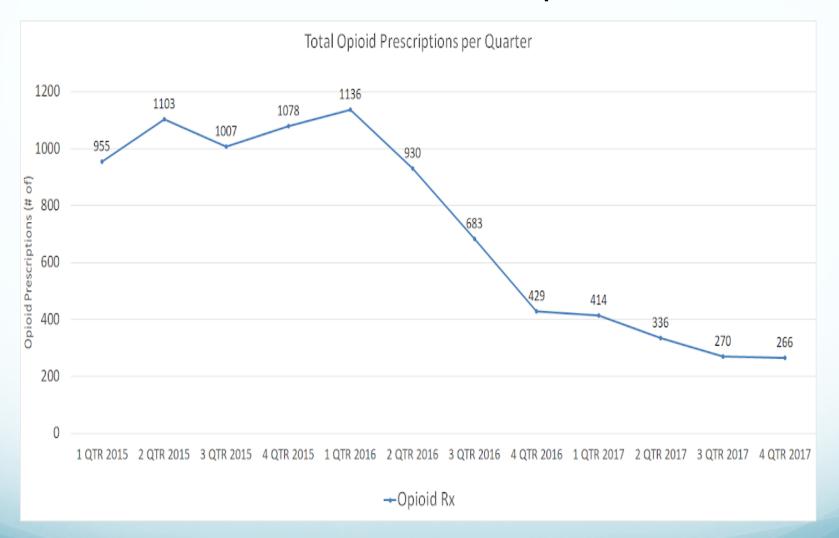
- All opioid Rx must be documented in Axium as to the indications ie. allergy, inadequate pain management from NSAIDS etc.
- 2. Primary use of e-Rx for opioid Rx
- 3. Pre-emptive use of NSAIDS or ACETAMINOPHEN prior to dental procedures under local
- 4. Pre-emptive use of IV Toradol prior to dental procedures under IV
- 5. Routine use of long acting LA after all dental procedures
- 6. Recommend that opioid Rx be limited to a 3 day supply
- 7. Mandatory consultation with appropriate MD or DDS with hx of addiction tx and or on chronic opioid Rx

EVIDENCE BASE:

Number of people needed to treat for one person to get 50% pain relief

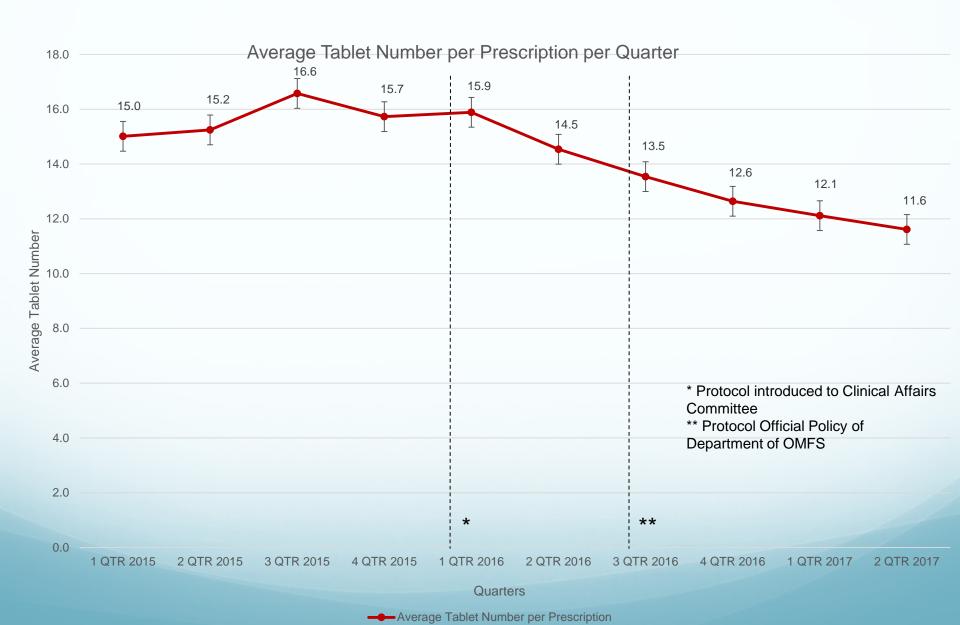


TOTAL UM SOD OPIOID Rx per QUARTER

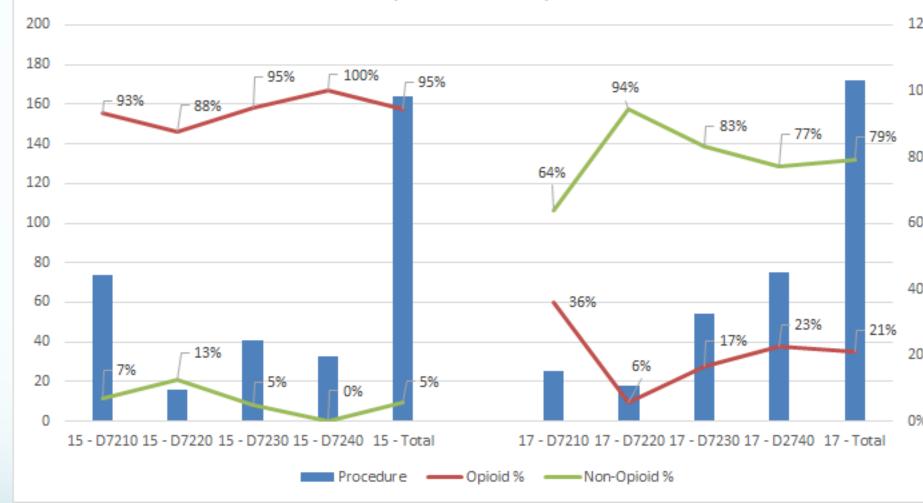


DECREASED OPIOID Rx: 77%

OPIOID Rx Tab/Quarter



Opioid vs Non-Opioid



PRESCRIBER BEHAVIOR:

"SHOULD AND CAN CHANGE IN A SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY"